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22, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL,  
Hongkong, 28th January, 1889.A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.  
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THE CANTON DISPENSARY, CANTON.  
Hongkong, 18th January, 1889.DEATH.  
On the 22nd Dec., in London, GEORGE THOMAS  
BRAINE, in the 33rd year of his age, late of  
China and Chudleigh, South Devon, second son  
of John Smith Braine, of H.M.S.

## The Hongkong Telegraph

HONGKONG, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1889.

## TELEGRAMS.

(Rouler.)  
BOULANGER TRIUMPHS.  
LONDON, January 27th.  
General Boulanger has been elected for Paris  
by a majority of 81,500 votes.FRENCH POLITICS.  
January 29th.  
A manifesto has been issued by General  
Boulanger in which he says that a dissolution  
of Parliament is now inevitable.  
The Republican party is divided as to what  
course to pursue. The Berlin press regard the  
election of Boulanger for Paris as an evil augury  
for the Republic but is silent as to whether it  
will hasten on a war.OUR DEFENCES.  
Sir Hon. Edward Stanhope, Minister for War,  
says that great works will be projected next  
parliamentary session for the improvement of  
the defences both by sea and land.

## LOCAL AND GENERAL.

THERE will be a game of Polo at Causeway Bay  
to-morrow, at 4 p.m.MANILA papers report that during 1888, 4,258  
Chinese arrived in the Philippine Islands, and  
2,686 left.THE British gunboat *Esper*, Lieut.-Commander  
R. York Smith, arrived on the 30th ulto, from  
Amoy.OUR Foochow contemporary states that *cash*  
exchange is now a shade better, a dollar being  
worth 1050 *cash*.THE *Courier d'Haiphong* says that an Asylum  
for the Chinese has been founded in that city by  
a few leading merchants.HOME papers state that the *Audacious* is to be  
immediately refitted at Portsmouth for a further  
term of service on a foreign station.A YOUNG python, measuring 20 feet 4 inches in  
length, was caught on the deck of the Norwegian  
ship *Birma* at Singapore on the 8th ulto.We read that our late Naval Commander-in-  
Chief, Admiral Sir R. Vesey Hamilton, will  
succeed Vice-Admiral Sir Anthony Hoskins as  
Second Sea Lord at the Admiralty when the  
latter holds his flag as commander-in-chief in  
the Mediterranean, in succession to H.R.H. the  
Duke of Edinburgh.THE Chinese New Year passed off very quietly  
in comparison with the celebrations of years  
gone by. The fair down Jervoise Street was  
well patronized by both Chinese and Euro-  
peans on Wednesday night, the former blossom-  
ing out in bright new silks in cases where the  
funds ran to it. Much cracker-firing was  
indulged in, day and night, and the few Euro-  
peans who lived near the Chinese quarter kept  
the recording angel very busy registering their  
beditions. No insolvent tradesmen took  
advantage of the occasion to start a little fire  
on their own account, and not many suicides  
occurred through inability to meet the annual  
settling-up.THE Admiralty have decided to recommission  
the unarmoured corvette *Conquest*, 14, 2,380  
tons, 2,670-horse power, Captain Charles L.  
Oxley, for another term of foreign service. The  
*Conquest* is at present serving on the Pacific  
Station, but she is to proceed to Hongkong  
shortly to undergo a thorough overhaul and  
repair, after which she will be commissioned  
with a new crew for service on the China Station.  
She is to take the place of the *Satellite*, 8, 1,420  
tons, 1,400-horse power, Captain Thomas P. W.  
Nesham, which will return to England to be  
refitted.The following will be the programme at Mr.  
Sangster's organ recital, to be given in St. John's  
Cathedral on Monday, next, commencing at  
6 p.m.:—  
1—Cantata—(Christina) Lemmon.  
2—Cantata—(Send out thy light) Gounod.  
3—March—(For the Organ by C. F. A. Sangster).  
4—Recit. & Air—(O'er the Land and Sea) Mendelssohn.  
5—Allegro in A—(Mrs. C. H. Grace).  
6—Allegro in A—(Mrs. C. H. Grace).  
7—Collecting Chorus—(Mrs. C. H. Grace).  
A collection will be made in aid of the Organ Fund.THIS morning Mr. Wodehouse, with a Chinese  
friend, held an inquiry into the circumstances  
attending the death of Kwong Yat San, a billiard-  
marker at the Hongkong Club, who was found  
drowned on Monday morning. Mr. Clerkhead,  
Inspector of Nuisances, said that about 6 o'clock  
on Monday he found the dead body of a Chinese  
man at the mouth of the Sai-yung-pur Nullah.  
The face was about six inches under water. There  
was a slight mark on the nose. A billiard-  
marker at the Hongkong Club said the deceased  
was about twenty-five years of age, and had  
been employed at the Club over a year. He  
was at the Club on Sunday night, and seemed  
all right. He was missing next morning. An  
open verdict was returned.THE *Strait Times* of the 23rd ultimo has the  
following:—A very important stock-jobbing case  
was before the Supreme Court yesterday. The  
substance of the matter is that Messrs. Fraser  
& Co. allege that they bought 2,000 Pahang  
Corporation Shares from a Chinese firm, and that  
they cannot get a good delivery. The price to be  
paid was seven dollars, or twenty-one shillings,  
and the interval (although this does not  
appear on the pleadings) the shares have been  
rushed up in the London market until, as private  
adverses inform us, they have been dealt in at  
over 90s. We know of the same Company's  
shares being sold freely here a few months ago  
at 5s to 6s. Since writing the preceding  
lines, we hear (but cannot guarantee) that Pahang  
Corporation shares have fallen back in London  
to 50s and 40s.WE are glad to observe that the recently started  
Polo Club is displaying unexpected vitality, and  
showing promise of becoming a popular institu-  
tion in our limited world of sport. Thanks to  
the energy of Capt. Collinson and Fletcher,  
ably seconded by several civilian military  
lovers of the game, matches about twice a week  
have regularly taken place, providing excellent  
sport and attracting considerable attention from  
the public. The ground at Causeway Bay is  
scarcely all that could be desired, but it never-  
theless answers the purpose fairly well, and in a  
short time the reclaimed swamp in the Happy  
Valley will be available for this and other manly  
sports. As will be seen from a notice in another  
column the Hongkong Polo Club intend holding  
a meeting on the 6th inst., which ought to prove  
a thoroughly sporting affair. The programme  
of events is a varied one and being a novelty to  
this colony should prove a great attraction to  
spectators. It will also be seen that the Polo  
Club has given a Cup for a race confined to *hand*  
*and* *feet* polo to be run on the "Off-Day" at  
our rapidly-approaching annual racing carnival.YESTERDAY morning, in cold, wet weather,  
between thirty and forty Volunteers, under  
Major Tripp, Major Hawkins, Capt. McCullum,  
Lieut. Woolley, Holmes, and Denison, with  
Surgeon-Major Cantlie, went over to Stone-  
cutters' Island for their annual big gun practice.  
They formed into two companies, under Lieuts.  
Woolley and Holmes, and exercised with the  
64-pounders at ranges of about eleven hundred  
yards. The men fired two shots each, and the  
shooting was unusually good, the target—a beer-  
barrel on a floating platform, with a flag on the  
top—being hit by one of the three sighting  
shots fired by Major Tripp and Capt. McCullum,  
and two other barrels, constituting the reserve  
supply, being smashed during the afternoon.  
After dinner, which was provided in a tent on the  
lower beach, Surgeon-Major Cantlie put the  
ambulance corps through their drill, and Mrs.  
Cantlie presented badges to those who had made  
themselves efficient—some twenty in number.  
The shooting scores have not yet been made up,  
but it is satisfactory to know that the marksmen-  
ship all round was so accurate.SAYS the Singapore *Free Press* of January 2nd:  
A very striking example of the fear entertained  
by respectable Chinese of the evil influence of  
Secret Societies occurred on board the steamer  
*Wing Sang* on her voyage from Hongkong to  
this port where she arrived yesterday morning.  
The compradore of the steamer, whose duty it is  
to look after the tickets of the Chinese deck  
passengers, was approached shortly after leaving  
Hongkong, by a Chinaman who told him that he  
was on board with ten others and that none of them  
had any tickets. They said they were thieves  
belonging to a society and that unless the compradore  
would pay for them they would make  
him extremely warm for him in Hongkong.  
The compradore, instead of informing Captain  
de St. Croix, paid the money and the men  
landed here yesterday morning. Six other men,  
belonging to the same gang, were found stowed  
away and were kept in irons during the voyage.  
The Captain however, having no time to pro-  
secute the men here and knowing the difficulties  
of bringing such offenders to justice, let them go  
scot free yesterday morning. We have thus an  
interesting family of seventeen light-fingered  
gentlemen let loose upon the unoffending com-  
munity.A PARIS doctor, with an extensive practice, had  
stepped into his club to take a little rest, when  
he was told that somebody wished to speak to  
him. That somebody was the maid of the well-  
known actress, Mlle. L. "Be quick,  
doctor," said the girl. "Madame is dying; she  
has taken poison." The doctor departed in  
haste, and found Madame suffering from a slight  
attack of hysteria, and he administered a sedative  
which procured instant relief. The next day  
a middle-aged doctor called to see the physi-  
cian. "Doctor, you have saved Mlle. L.'s  
life. The poor child had taken poison, because  
she had heard that I was going to be  
married to some other lady. I am really at a  
loss how to express my gratitude." And so  
saying, the worthy gentleman laid a thou-  
sand-franc note on the table. He had no  
sooner left than a young man stepped in.  
"Ah, doctor, you have," etc., etc. "They  
told me that I was going to take a wife, and  
she was on the point of death. I am quite at a  
loss," etc., etc. And, bursting into tears, he  
thrust a two-thousand-franc note into the doctor's  
hands and rushed out. The physician, surprised  
at his good fortune, went to see Mlle. L. and  
reported the matter. "What!" said the pretty  
dear, "only two? Return home at once. There  
are three others to follow. When you have  
seen them all, you can come back here."who writes to us on the Steam Launch  
Company "corner," will oblige by sending his  
name and address—not for publication but as  
evidence of his good faith.H.M.S. *Orion* was expected at Singapore on the  
28th ulto, in order to go into Tanjong Pagar  
dock, to be fitted with a new keel, and have a  
general over-haul of her boilers and machinery.STREET gambling in Foochow is reported to be  
as brisk as ever, a recent note addressed by the  
Foreign consuls to the Chinese authorities  
having had no visible effect in stopping the  
nuisance.THE German mail steamer *Sachsen*, which  
arrived at home on the 24th ulto, made the trip  
from Shanghai in 32 days, from Hongkong 27  
days, and Singapore 22 days. This is fast  
travelling.MR. G. T. Batty, lately in charge of the Post  
Office at Penang, who has been indicted for a criminal  
breach of trust, has been found "not guilty." At  
the first trial the jury could not agree and were  
discharged.THE Portuguese gunboat *Tamapa*, formerly  
stationed at Macao, arrived at Malta on the 30th  
December last, on her way from Lisbon to  
Zanzibar, where she will probably join in the  
work of blockading the Coast.AN Emergency meeting of the Eothen Mark  
 Lodge of Hongkong, No. 264, will be held in  
Freemasons' Hall, Zealand Street, on Monday,  
the 4th instant, at 5 for 5.30 p.m. precisely.  
Visiting brethren are cordially invited.CAPT. DE FANCON, of the Messageries Maritimes  
steamer *Djemnah*, which arrived here with the  
French mail from home this forenoon, was  
found dead in his berth on Sunday morning the  
20th January, two days after the steamer left  
Colombo. The body was brought on to Singa-  
pore and buried there on the 24th ulto. Death  
was caused by heart disease.A PARLIAMENTARY paper was issued on Saturday  
December 22nd containing a letter, addressed to  
the Director of Army Contracts, from the  
Wilkinson Sword Company, requesting the  
manufacture of sword-bayonets under their con-  
tract. They point out that the art of sword and  
sword-bayonet manufacture had almost died out  
in England, and that, with the exception of the  
comparatively few manufactured by Messrs. Mole  
and themselves, the whole of the swords and  
sword-bayonets sold to officers and those con-  
tracted for by the War Department were for  
many years past imported from Solingen, which  
town had practically a monopoly of the sword  
trade of the world. In tendering for the 150,000  
sword-bayonets in 1887, they wrote to the Director  
of Army Contracts, stating that they would  
establish in London a complete factory solely  
for the manufacture of swords and sword-  
bayonets, and this they had done.The following news of a recent engagement  
between the French forces and the rebels in  
Tonquin is published by the *Courrier d'Haiphong*:  
"According to information received at  
Haiphong on the 20th ulto, the column under com-  
mand of General Borgnis Desbordes discovered  
the enemy on the 17th, above Thai-nguyen.  
They were Chinese, who had fortified themselves  
in a very good position from which they resisted  
the attack of our troops for six hours. The  
combat which had commenced at eight in the  
morning lasted till two in the afternoon. During  
this time the enemy withdrew from post to post  
for a distance of 6 kilometres, followed by our  
troops who did not prodigies of courage to  
march against an invisible foe who, sheltered  
behind the rocks fired leisurely and with great  
precision. Our losses were considerable—one  
officer killed, Captain Gardère and six other  
officers wounded, 12 men killed and 60 wounded.  
Our success cost us dear, but it will have  
produced the desired effect in demoralizing the  
Chinese column; they must have retired, and are  
now probably being attacked at Cho-moi. This  
will bring about the pacification of the region,  
north of Thai-nguyen."

## CRICKET.

ARMY AND NAVY v. HONGKONG C.C.

A one innings match between the above  
named teams was played on the Cricket Ground  
yesterday. Although a light drizzling rain fell  
at intervals throughout the day the wicket  
proved a fast one, and in consequence the scores  
were above the average. Owing to none of the  
officers of the Army and Netherland High-  
landers being available, the Army and Navy  
were scarcely able to fill the ranks, while the  
Club was represented by a formidable all round  
lot. Winning the toss the Services elected to  
assume the defensive and sent in Major Johnston  
and Blair to face the deliveries of E. J. Coxon  
and C. S. Barff. That both batsmen meted  
business was soon made evident, the Major  
especially punishing the slowers to some tune.  
With 30 on the board and no separation effected,  
E. J. Coxon was deputed to relieve the left-  
hander, Sercombe Smith taking the ball from  
Barff. At 44 the Sapper, when well set, was  
snapped up at the wicket by G. S. Coxon off  
Maitland, and retired for 12, obtained by capital  
criticism. Shortly after Crichton had joined Johnston  
the latter had a life at point from a hard  
cut, the ball striking E. J. Coxon on the forehead,  
knocking him down, and necessitating his  
prompt retirement with a couple of medical  
attendants to be patched up. Runs then came  
pace for a few overs until Sercombe-Smith  
broke down the R.E. batsman's defence, the  
total standing at 64 for two weeks. Major  
Johnston's 35, which included a brace of 5's  
and seven 3's, were obtained by clean, hard  
hitting. Scanlan was next come, but without  
any addition to the score. Crichton was  
bowed by E. J. Coxon, and when he ran out.  
A long time was made by Major. Miles who  
contributed a useful 43, and Burn, who  
played well for 21, but nobody else could do  
anything with Maitland's bowling, and the  
innings closed for 157, which included no fewer  
than 25 extras. Maitland trundled most effec-  
tively, taking seven wickets for 40 runs; Barff  
had one for 22 and Sercombe Smith one for 33.  
The fielding of the Club team, with two or three  
noteworthy exceptions, was very loose and  
uncertain.F. Maitland and Sercombe Smith were opposed  
by Major Miles and Burn, and when only 4  
beats remained the latter came in to straighten one  
from Burn. E. J. Coxon taking the vacant  
wicket. Runners came rapidly, but at 24 F. Mait-  
land was caught by Brannwell off Burn for 17.  
E. J. Coxon followed and for a time the bowling  
had all the worst of it and a change was tried.  
With the total at 68 Maitland had to retire,  
caught by Lyne off Walter, having scored 29  
wickets. The innings closed—E. J. Coxon, 54  
and 3's, 2's, 1's—in his best form. G. S. Coxon  
joined his brother, but was bowled by Burn  
after scoring a single—4, for 75. L. C. Barff was  
run out after making 14, and five wickets were  
down for 99. Davies was bowled by Miles  
before getting set, and then Coxon also fell  
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The opinion of the London press on the matter, while generally saying little for Morier's discretion diplomatically, follows after the expression of the *Times*, which says: "We are constrained to say that the attack appears to be part of a system of persecution against all who were most intimately concerned with the late Emperor Frederick. We may take the liberty of pointing out to Bismarck and his youthful imitators that the easy movement of international intercourse is not facilitated by the adoption of bar-room manners, apparently copied from the worst days of Napoleon, when he was trampling upon Russia. We wish to preserve and strengthen our friendship with Germany, but we beg Prince Bismarck, and those who take their tone from him, to treat English public men as English gentlemen, and to curb the extravagance of invective and imputation which rages in the German semi-official press."

Henry Labouchere, in *Truth*, says: "There are over a million girls in England who are not likely to get married. In order to remedy this state of affairs, I would suggest that the girls be allowed to propose—in fact, that courting and proposing should henceforth appertain equally to both sexes."

The *Chronicle's* Vienna correspondent says: "The Hungarian mining syndicate has collapsed, having lost a cool 200,000 florins. Malice can be bought for half what the syndicate paid."

CONSTANTINOPLE, January 3rd. The Porte has ordered the sale of the Haidar Pasha Ismid Railroad to German speculators, although the British and other European builders of the line are still unpaid.

ST. PETERSBURG, January 3rd. Many persons were killed and a large number of buildings destroyed by an earthquake in Russian Turkistan, extending from Khagand to Kostanok.

A terrible disaster has happened at Sabarmat near Tiflis, in Georgia. A train became blocked in an immense snowdrift, and before relief could be sent fourteen passengers perished from the intense cold, and twenty others were badly frostbitten. A relief party which started out to rescue the imperilled passengers lost their way and died in the snow.

London advices from Russia say that 175 persons were frozen to death at Ekaterinburg in the district of Perm on December 27th. The Black, Azov and Caspian seas are frozen. Railway disasters are reported at Baku and other places in the Caucasus.

MEXICO, January 3rd. The news of a clerical uprising in the City of Mexico, the Government has discovered was first published in *El Diario del Pueblo* of Chihuahua. Senor Francisco Ortiz republished the story at El Paso and from that city it was telegraphed to the United States. The Government has taken steps to punish the originator.

OTTAWA (Ont.), January 3rd. The sentiment of the electorate of Canada is to be tested on the question of annexation with the United States on Monday next. Sol. White, ex-Member of Parliament, will go to the polls in the majority contest at Windsor, Ontario, as an advocate of annexation. White has had the courage to open the question and to make annexation the political issue. He comes in for a greater share of abuse from the Government and the local press. He is a strong personal friend and follower of Sir John Macdonald and of the Conservative party. He was some time since a member of that party, and openly advocated annexation. Sir John fears the association of White's name with the Conservative side of the house may injure him.

DUBLIN, January 3rd. In the County Court to-day Judge Kelly confirmed all the sentences imposed upon persons evicted from the Vandelaar estates who previously had been found guilty of resisting the Sheriff and attacking the police. Judge Kelly denounced the Government for its laxity and moderation in dealing with rebellion and said the prisoners each deserved to be imprisoned for five years.

SUAKIN, January 3rd. A sergeant who belonged to the Egyptian army has arrived from Khartoum. He states that he left the latter place November 23rd. At that time Emin Pasha had not been captured by the Mahdi's forces, but had repeatedly defeated the dervishes in the Bah-el-Gazel province. The officers at Suakin are personally acquainted with the sergeant, know he is trustworthy, and believe his information is true.

General Grenfell, who has completed his arrangements to leave with the English troops to-morrow, succeeded in organizing a military force of native tribesmen to supply the vacancy caused by the withdrawal of British troops.

PARIS, January 3rd. General Boulanger in an address to the electors of the Department of the Seine berates those members of Parliament who have been working against him, and says: "If I could ever have entertained the idea of playing dictator it would have been when as Minister of War I had the whole army in my hands. There has been nothing in the conditions to justify such a suspicion. There is nothing dictatorial in the programme that demands constitutional revision by the most democratic system, by a constituent assembly. I challenge the Republicans to cite a single act of confession which I have not plainly supported the republic."

NEW YORK, January 3rd. Chauncey M. Depew has been confined to his house many weeks from an injury to his ankle. He has not suffered much, but to-day the doctors decided the leg must come off.

Depew would not take either, but the operation was very successful. The leg taken off, however, was a glass one which was made expressly for Depew, in which the limb fitted snugly and kept the ankle-bones and leg tightly in place. The glass leg was sawed off to prevent any glass from cutting the leg.

A San Francisco cable from London says: A month or so ago there was a squabble between the Duke and Duchess of Marlborough, caused by a visit from Lady Colin Campbell, but it was nothing more serious than a lovers' quarrel. The Duchess thought the Duke a trifle too attentive to his fair visitor, and her Grace became jealous and sulky in orthodox fashion. The behavior of the Duke and Lady Colin was quite proper and aboveboard.

Lady Fannie Majoribanks, the Duke's married sister and the only one of the family whom he respects or fears, went down to Blenheim and there was no difficulty in effecting a reconciliation. The Duchess subsequently recovered her usual health. She does not look very robust now, but she drives about Woodstock buying things and was at a grand ball last week. The townspeople like her and they say the Duke has become quite an attentive husband.

Blenheim palace just now is full of noble members and connections of the great Marlborough family. There is lots of fun going on, shooting parties every day and frequent balls and other gayeties. It must not be supposed that the Duke is at all unpopular in the district. The tradespeople do not worry about his morals, for he has spent very large sums of money among them in modernizing Blenheim. It is estimated that each tradesman has made £500 out of the Duke within a few months.

It is said that the Duke will give the repair of Woodstock and the Duke. The Duke's drawing-room window has a fine view of Blenheim Park, from which it is only a few feet away. The Duke swears that the reversed gentlemen shall enjoy the prospect no longer than cannot be helped, and his Grace has just arranged to make a plantation of tall fir trees right up against the

person's windows. When these have grown to fair size not only will the interior view be improved, but his drawing-room will have to be lighted artificially at all times of day.

PITTSBURG, January 4th. One of the biggest land deals on record has been consummated with the Brazilian Government by New York, Pittsburgh and Washington capitalists. The principal object of the promoters of the scheme is to open up valuable diamond and gold fields in far Western Brazil, and in order to prosecute investigations and carry on a company with a capital of £2,000,000 is in process of formation. The grant is for between 50,000 and 60,000 acres of land bordering on the Amazon river in the region of the Andes mountains.

SPRINGMOOR (Eng.), January 4th. Barker increased his lead in the checkers contest to-day by defeating Smith on a single corner opening. Two other games were played, a single corner and a second double corner, and both were draws. Total score: Barker, 4; Smith, 1; draws, 18 games.

WINNIPEG, January 4th. Litigation will be shortly commenced over a bill incurred for troops at a railway crossing during the late riot. The Dominion refuses to pay and insists that Winnipeg foot the bill. The city claims that, inasmuch as the troops were called out by three magistrates in the employ of the Canadian Pacific, it will not pay them, particularly as there was no necessity for the troops.

Before the Committee of the Privy Council to-day at Ottawa permission was granted the Manitoba Government to cross the track of the Canadian Pacific under certain restrictions. No further obstacles were interposed by the Canadian Pacific.

MEMPHIS, January 4th. United States inspectors are still investigating the cause of the burning of the steamer *Kate Adams* and have obtained evidence that forty-two persons were lost instead of fourteen, as originally reported. It appears that eighteen children among the deck passengers and ten of the boat's crew perished in addition to the victims previously noted.

CHICAGO, January 4th. Francis Spies, Consul at New York from Honduras, is in the city. He thinks that both the Nicaragua and Panama canals will be built without doubt. Of the latter he said: "There are still 9000 men engaged on the work, and every draft drawn on Panama for labor or material has been paid. I know the company had money to run it for some time to come. I do not think the French Government can afford to see the enterprise stopped."

#### LATE TELEGRAMS.

##### AFFAIRS IN CENTRAL AFRICA.

LONDON, January 11th. News has been received from South Nyasaland dated 11th November which states that owing to an attempt made by Mawango, King of Uganda, to destroy his Arab body-guard, they revolted and placed his brother on the throne. The latter on coming into power at once gave the chief officers to Christians, but the Arabs objecting to their appointment, murdered them and then attacked and burned the English and French Missions, killing many native converts. The missionaries managed to effect their escape and reached Usambira. Mawango is now a prisoner in the hands of the Arabs. The Major Arab has written Mr. Mackay at Usambira declaring that Uganda is Mahometan, and that all missionary efforts in Central Africa will be exterminated.

##### SUAKIN.

A blue-book on Suakin has appeared, in which there is a despatch dated 19th December from Sir E. Baring to Lord Salisbury. Sir Evelyn therein states that there is no opposition whatever at Cairo to the policy of promoting the trade of Suakin by opening negotiations with the tribes, but after past experience it was impossible to be sanguine as to results. Moreover supplies of food for the dervishes were imported through Suakin, which enabled them to prolong the siege. Religious fanaticism being the main feature of the dervish movement, Sir Evelyn says he is unable to feel any confidence that much will be done at present either by negotiating or by commercial policy.

##### GERMANY IN EASTERN AFRICA.

BERLIN, January 11th. The East African Bill has been introduced in the Reichstag by Prince Bismarck who asked for two millions marks for the protection of German interests in Eastern Africa.

##### THE COUNTY COUNCILS.

LONDON, January 11th. The elections for London County have resulted in a majority of Liberals. Sir John Lubbock and the Earl of Rosebery have been returned for the City, Lady Sandhurst for Brixton, and Miss Cobden for Bow.

##### THE GERMANS IN SAMOA.

21st January. The Germans have burned the American houses and flags at Samoa, making prisoners of some Americans, who were, however, afterwards released. The Captain and Lieutenant of a British war vessel were fired upon by German men-of-war's men. All is quiet at present.

##### THE KING OF THE NETHERLANDS.

—The health of the King of Holland is improving. SAMOA AFFAIRS. German officers who have arrived at Auckland, New Zealand, deny the news of the outrages at Samoa.

##### THE RUSSIANS IN AFRICA.

A so-called Russian religious mission consisting of two hundred Cossacks has landed at Tadjura. England and Italy are watching their proceedings.

##### BERLIN, January 12th.

The German expedition for the relief of Emin Pasha, which Lieut. Wissmann was to have commanded will take twelve guns with it. Further fighting has taken place between the Germans and the natives at Sandani in which the latter were repulsed.

##### PARIS, January 13th.

M. de Lesseps and the directors of the Panama Canal Company have arranged with a banking firm for a fresh issue of shares to the amount of six millions of francs.

##### SUAKIN, January 13th.

Tribes in the neighbourhood of Suakin are anxious to submit, but fear Osman Digna's forces. The Arabs are bringing cattle into Suakin freely for sale.

##### LONDON, January 16th.

The Parnell Special Commission resumed its sittings yesterday, Mr. W. O'Brien, M.P., proprietor of *United Ireland*, appeared in answer to a summons for an article in his paper violently attacking the conduct of the *Forbes* Commission. Mr. O'Brien disclaimed any personal disrespect towards the judges, but regretted nothing he had said in the article. Sir James Hannen reserved his decision in the matter. Sir W. Butler said that he hoped to take evidence bearing on the alleged forged letters next week. The examination of witnesses in regard to boycotting was then resumed.

##### BERLIN, January 16th.

The text of the indictment against Professor Geffcken for publishing State secrets has been officially pronounced. It states that the publication

of the late Emperor Frederick's diary is calculated to prejudice the foreign relations of Germany and Prussia's relations with South Germany. It accuses Professor Geffcken of aiming at the overthrow of Prince Bismarck, and gives details of the friendship which existed between the late Emperor Frederick and Professor Geffcken who drafted the accession proclamation. In conclusion it alludes to Sir Robert Morier as Professor Geffcken's confidant.

A long debate has taken place in the Reichstag, in the course of which the Liberals vigorously attacked the policy of Government in West Africa and Zanzibar. Prince Bismarck replied rather acrimoniously, but did not touch upon the main Zanzibar question, reserving his statement thereon until the debate on the East Africa Bill comes off.

##### LONDON, January 17th.

The convict Delaney was examined before the Parnell Commission yesterday and testified to the plots of the invincibles to murder East Spencer and Mr. Foster. He also testified to the connection of Byrne and other members of the Land League with the invincibles.

Sir James Hannen gave his decision in Mr. O'Brien's case. He censured the letter he wrote in *United Ireland*, but awarded no punishment. Sir John Gresham has gone to New Zealand.

##### THE BANGKOK CONSULAR CASE.

In the Supreme Court at Singapore on the 21st inst., Chief Justice Sir Thomas Ford delivered judgment on the demurrer raised by the defendant in the suit *Mitchell v. French*. Plaintiff, a barrister at Bangkok, sought to file a power of attorney to appear as counsel for one Sultan Meydin, as required by the rules of the Consular Court there, defendant, British Consul acting as judge, refused to allow him to file the document and ordered him to be removed from the Court, which was done. Plaintiff claimed \$50,000 damages for the assault and loss of reputation.

The Chief Justice said—This is an action by Mr. Mitchell, an English barrister in the employ of the King of Siam, against the Vice-Consul of Siam for damages for an assault and the non-observance of duty under the following circumstances taken from the statement of claim. This statement must be taken as true for the purpose of this part of the case, the objection to plaintiff's claim having been taken by demurrer, upon the ground that the acts or omissions complained of were done or omitted in the defendant's judicial capacity, whether acting as Consul or otherwise. After certain allegations, which with the exception of a reference to certain rules inferring a practice of counsel and regulating the right of attorneys and agents to appear for suitors, do not seem to me material for the decision of the question before me, the statement of claim alleges, (read para. 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 and 13 and pray the paragraphs) that on the 21st inst. the plaintiff, by the admission of the plaintiff, that what acts the defendant did wrongly and omitted to do, he did or omitted as judge or Consul acting at least in a judicial or ministerial capacity and not as a justice of the peace, as the Plaintiff contended for as a reasonable influence from his statement. The question therefore becomes reduced to the points raised by the demurrer whether or not these matters complained of were done or suffered in the defendant's judicial capacity, and whether this if so, is in law a good defence to an action for damages. The plaintiff has indeed also raised the question whether the defence raised can be taken by demurrer and contended that it should be specially pleaded, but although the form of a special plea has been the usual one, I am clearly of opinion that when the facts in the statement of claim show a state of things upon which the legal questions can be at once raised, this is not only allowable but a better form of proceedings.

The two questions then before me are as follows:—  
1.—Were the acts or omissions complained of done or omitted in the defendant's judicial or ministerial capacity; if the latter purely the demurrer would fail.

2.—If done or omitted in the defendant's judicial capacity, is he exempt from liability to an action for damages?  
The 1st is a question of law. I am of opinion that having reference to the terms of the act under which the plaintiff first presented his authority for filing, the act of refusal was a judicial act.

The language of the rules requires the authority to be distinct and clear so as to satisfy the Court, &c., and this at least necessitates the use by the Court of some mental process of a judicial character, and I do not know what other meaning to give to the word "Court" here, but that of its judge for the time being. We have then before a particular case is called on, a judge, doing, as I think, as a judicial act in refusing to file that which should have entitled the plaintiff to appear in the capacity he asked for. But were there any doubt about this it is clear when the legal proceeding was called on, the subsequent act of removing the Plaintiff took place during its continuance and the act of the plaintiff in again tendering his authority after its previous refusal was an act of interruption, and his removal from the Court, however unnecessary, insulting and ill-advised, was an act of the judge in a judicial proceeding, a judicial if not a judicial act.

The 2nd question is whether this having been so, its character affords a sufficient answer to the plaintiff's remedy by action.

A proper summary of the law to be taken from the numerous cases cited, seems to me to be this, viz.—That upon grounds of general public convenience a judge is not liable in the form of an action for damages for acts or omissions in his judicial capacity unless such acts or omissions are done or omitted without jurisdiction, and with knowledge of such want of jurisdiction.

The cases are not quite uniform on the subject but this, I think, the fair conclusion to be drawn from the chain of authority laid before me, and the principle covers things omitted as well as acts done or words spoken. Now I do not see in the plaintiff's statement of claim any sufficient allegation that the acts or omissions complained of were without such jurisdiction, and so to the defendant's knowledge, or any statement of facts which shows them to have been so. The nearest approach to such an allegation is in para. 13 where they are said to have been done or omitted capriciously, and not under the powers of any statute or ordinance.

This allegation, however, I apprehend, by no means exhausts the possible foundation of a consultal jurisdiction, and caprice and malice are compatible with jurisdiction or a bona fide belief in it. The statement of facts in the use made of the rules of the Court and particularly that part of rule 211 which I have alluded to, is inconsistent with an absence of jurisdiction to refuse an authority to act for another, and there is nothing I think in the fact to establish that when ordering the plaintiff's removal he was doing an act outside his ordinary jurisdiction.

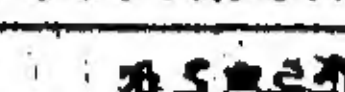
The demurrer must therefore be allowed, but as the defendant has chosen this method of raising his defence and thereby admits a state of fact, which if true would, in my judgment, show he had committed an act unnecessarily insulting to the plaintiff and lacking prudence and discretion it will be allowed, without costs. A secondary question arises whether the demurrer is good to that part of the plaintiff's

claim which alleges that the defendant as consul is required to perform certain ministerial acts and duties and amongst them to protect and support all British Subjects in Bangkok in the enjoyment and exercise of all rights and privileges which are in any way conferred upon them, &c., and to the breach alleged in the act or omissions before complained of.

It is quite unable to separate the acts or omissions complained of from the judicial character in which the defendant did or omitted to do them. Demurrer will therefore be good to the whole statement of claim.

CHILDREN starving to death on account of their inability to digest food will find a most marvellous food and remedy in Scott's Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil with Hypophosphites. Very palatable and easily digested. Read the following testimonial:—"I have prescribed Scott's Emulsion in cases of children suffering from wasting and mal-nutrition and can report most favourably of its good effect; it has been in each case taken most readily."—W. PERKINS, M.R.C.S., Medical Superintendent, Butleigh Hospital. Any Chemist can supply it.—A. S. Watson & Co. (Limited), Agents in Hongkong and China.—[Adv.]

#### To-day's Advertisements.



JURY LIST, 1889.

NOTICE is hereby given that pursuant to the Provisions of Section 4 of Ordinance No. 24 of 1882, I have this day caused to be posted, in the Court House, a List of all men ascertained by me to be liable to serve as JURORS.

The said List will remain so posted for the term of one fortnight, in order that any Person may, as the case shall be, apply by notice in writing to me requiring that his name, or the names of some other Person or Persons, may be respectively either added to, or struck off, the said List, upon cause duly assigned in such notice.

ALFRED G. WISE, Acting Registrar.  
Registry Supreme Court,  
Hongkong, 1st February, 1889. [160]

##### PUBLIC AUCTION.

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co. will Sell by Public Auction, at Mr. KENNEDY'S Stables, TO-MORROW, the 2nd inst., at 2 o'clock, A GREY ARAB HORSE ("Gamecock") the property of the late Mr. N. R. S. CRAWFORD. Also—  
2 BUCKSKIN PONY SADDLES.  
1 PIGSKIN do. do.  
Do. HORSE do. do.  
BRIDLES, BITS, SPURS, WEIGHT-CLOTH, CLOTHING, &c., &c.  
LANE, CRAWFORD & Co., Auctioneers.  
Hongkong, 1st February, 1889. [198]

##### NOTICE.

MR. JAMES HENRY MACLEHOSE and Mr. J. DE SONJAYVILLE were admitted PARTNERS in our Firm on 1st January last. MACLEWEN FRICKEL & Co.  
Hongkong, 1st February, 1889. [157]

##### HONGKONG POLO CLUB.

PRESIDENT.  
His Excellency Sir G. W. DES VŒUX, K.C.M.G.  
VICE-PRESIDENTS.  
His Excellency Sir NOWELL SALMON, V.C., K.C.B.  
His Excellency Lieutenant-General W. G. CAMERON, C.B.  
COMMITTEE.  
T. H. WHITEHEAD, Esq., Major TRIPP.  
J. ARMSTRONG, Esq., Lieut. CRADOCK, R.N.  
Captain DES VŒUX, Capt. FLETCHER, R.A.  
T. C. COLLINGS, Esq., Captain COLLINGS,  
A. & S. Highlanders, 18th Regt., Hon. Secretary.

PROGRAMME of Meeting to be held on the POLO CLUB GROUND, Causeway Bay, on the 6th February, 1889:—

- 1.—One Hundred Yards Race. Open to all comers. 1st Prize \$5; 2nd \$3; 3rd \$1. 4 to start or no 2nd prize, 5 or no 3rd. Entrance free.
- 2.—"Polo Pony Scurry," \$10 added to a starting sweep of \$2. Once round the course, catch weights over 1st. 7lb. to be ridden by members of the Polo Club. Entrance \$2.
- 3.—Wheelbarrow Race. Open to all comers. One man to wheel another, 1st prize \$3; 2nd \$2; 3rd \$1. Entrance free.
- 4.—Polo Ball Race. \$10; to hit a ball round a post and back through a goal; post to be passed on the left. Entrance \$2.
- 5.—Ladies' Nomination "Distance Handicap," owners up; weights to accompany entrance to be handicapped by the Committee. Entrance \$2. Prize to nominator.
- 6.—Maze Race. \$10. Open to all comers; to ride in and out of a line of posts; any rider knocking down a post to be disqualified. Entrance \$2; 1st and 2nd to save entrance.

##### CONDITIONS.

- 1.—Decision of the Committee to be final on all points.
- 2.—First event to start at 2.45.
- 3.—Events 2 and 4 open to Members of the Polo Club only and for bona fide polo ponies that have been regularly played.
- 4.—Three ponies to start for each event or no prize.
- 5.—No Colors required.
- 6.—2nd entries allowed for Nos. 1 and 2.
- 7.—Other entries to close before midnight, February 2nd, to the Honorary Secretary, Wellington Barracks.
- 8.—Hired ponies allowed to run, if they have been regularly played at Polo, but such ponies to run for one owner only.

J. COLLINGS, Capt., Hon. Sec.  
Hongkong, 31st January, 1889. [154]

##### HONGKONG JOCKEY CLUB MEETING.

FOURTH DAY.  
24th FEBRUARY, 1889.

THE POLO CUP, Presented by the HONGKONG JOCKEY CLUB for bona fide polo ponies, the property of and to be ridden by members or honorary members of the Polo Club; distance half a mile; catch weights over 11st 6lbs. Entrance \$5; 75 per cent. of the stakes to the second and 25 per cent. to the third pony. Entries to close to the Clerk of the Course, Hongkong Jockey Club, on or before 5 P.M., on MONDAY, 11th February, 1889. J. COLLINGS, Captain, Polo Secretary.  
Hongkong, 11th January, 1889. [153]

#### To-day's Advertisements.

THE CHINA AND MANILA STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR MANILA (DIRECT).  
The Company's Steamship

"DIAMANTE,"  
Captain G. Taylor, will be despatched for the above Port, on MONDAY, the 4th inst., at 4 P.M. For Freight or Passage, apply to RUSSELL & Co., General Managers.  
Hongkong, 1st February, 1889. [156]

"SHIRE" LINE OF STEAMERS.  
FOR HAVRE, HAMBURG AND LONDON.  
The Steamship

"MERIONETHSHIRE,"  
Dowling, Commander, will be despatched for the above Ports, on THURSDAY, the 7th inst. For Freight or Passage, apply to ADAMSON, BELL & Co., Agents.  
Hongkong, 1st February, 1889. [123]

FOR NEW YORK.  
The Steamship

"STRATHLEVEN,"  
C. W. Pearson, Commander, will be despatched for the above Port, on or about the 15th inst. For Freight or Passage, apply to ADAMSON, BELL & Co., Agents.  
Hongkong, 1st February, 1889. [153]

STEAM TO YOKOHAMA, VIA NAGASAKI AND KOBE.

(PASSING THROUGH THE INLAND SEA.)  
THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamship

"VERONA"  
will leave for the above places TO-MORROW, the 2nd February, at DAYLIGHT, instead of as previously advertised.

E. L. WOODIN, Superintendent.  
Hongkong, 30th January, 1889. [3]

STEAM TO STRAITS AND BOMBAY.  
THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamship

"THIBET"  
will leave for the above places on FRIDAY, the 8th inst., at Noon.  
E. L. WOODIN, Superintendent.  
Hongkong, 1st February, 1889. [163]

OCCIDENTAL AND ORIENTAL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

NOTICE.

CONSIGNEES OF CARGO per Steamship "BELGIC."  
The above Steamer having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby requested to send in their Bills of Lading for Countersignature, and to take immediate delivery of their Goods from along-side.  
Cargo impeding the discharge of the Vessel will be landed and stored at Consignees' risk and expense.

CHS. D. HARMAN, Agent.  
Hongkong, 1st February, 1889. [1]

THE HONGKONG FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE TWENTIETH ORDINARY ANNUAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS in the above Company will be held at the Office of the Company, Pedder Street, on MONDAY, the 25th February instant, at 12 o'clock (NOON) to receive Statement of Account to the 31st December, 1888, the Report of the General Managers, and elect a Consulting Committee and Auditors.  
The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 15th to the 25th day of February instant, both days inclusive.

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., General Managers.  
Hongkong Fire Insurance Co., Limited.  
Hongkong, 1st February, 1889. [159]

PUBLIC NOTICE OF EXPIRY OF OPIUM FARM.

THE EXCLUSIVE PRIVILEGE OF BOILING AND PREPARING OPIUM and SELLING AND RETAILING OPIUM so Boiled or Prepared will CEASE on the 28th day of February, 1889. No boiled or prepared Opium purchased from us or our Licensees can be used after the 3rd day of March, 1889, at Noon, without the consent of the New Holder of such exclusive privilege as aforesaid.  
Dated 26th January, 1889.

KHOG TEONG POH, AND CHEAK TEK SOON, Opium Farmers.

ROTHEN MARK LODGE

OF HONGKONG, No. 264.

AN EMERGENCY MEETING of the above LODGE will be held in FREEMASONS' HALL, Zetland Street, on MONDAY, the 4th inst., at 8.30 o'clock precisely.  
Hongkong, 1st February, 1889. [162]

Masonic.

ZETLAND LODGE

No. 525.

THE EMERGENCY MEETING of the above LODGE, called for TO-MORROW, the 2nd February, will not be held.

Hongkong, 1st February, 1889. [150]

ST. JOHN LODGE

OF HONGKONG, No. 618, S.C.

AN EMERGENCY MEETING of the above named Lodge will be held in FREEMASONS' HALL, Zetland Street, on TUESDAY NEXT, the 4th February, at 8.30 for 9 P.M. precisely. Visiting Brethren are cordially invited.  
Hongkong, 29th January, 1889. [146]

ZETLAND LODGE

No. 525.

REGULAR MEETING of the above LODGE will be held in FREEMASONS' HALL, Zetland Street, on TUESDAY NEXT, the 4th February, at 8.30 for 9 P.M. precisely. Visiting Brethren are cordially invited.  
Hongkong, 29th January, 1889. [147]

#### Intimations.

NORTH CHINA Famine Relief Fund.



## Intimations.

## NOTICE.

**HONGKONG ICE COMPANY, LIMITED.**  
THE EIGHTH ORDINARY ANNUAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS will be held at the Office of the Company, Pedder's Street, on THURSDAY, the 7th February, at NOON, to receive a Statement of the Accounts of the Company to the 31st December, 1888, and the Report of the General Managers, and to discuss any matters that may be competently brought before the Meeting.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 28th instant to 7th proximo, both days inclusive.

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.,  
General Managers.  
Hongkong, 24th January, 1889. [125]

## THE CHINA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

## NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE TWENTIETH ORDINARY MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS in the Company will be held at the Company's Office, No. 5, Queen's Road, Victoria, at THREE O'CLOCK in the AFTERNOON, of TUESDAY, the 19th February, 1889, for the purpose of receiving a Statement of Accounts, and the Report of the Directors for the year ending 31st December, 1888.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 6th proximo to the 19th proximo, both days inclusive.

By Order,  
JAS. B. COUGHTRIE,  
Secretary.

Hongkong, 28th January, 1889. [139]

## THE CHINA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

## NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

AN EXTRAORDINARY MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS in the above Company will be held at the Company's Office, No. 5, Queen's Road, Victoria, at 3.15 O'CLOCK P.M., of the 19th day of February, 1889, when the subjoined Resolution will be proposed.

RESOLUTION.  
That Article No. 9 of the Articles of Association be altered by eliminating therefrom the words "One Hundred Thousand" and substituting therefor the words "One Hundred and Fifty Thousand."

By Order,  
JAS. B. COUGHTRIE,  
Secretary.

Hongkong, 28th January, 1889. [140]

## HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

NOTICE is hereby given that the ORDINARY YEARLY MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS in this Corporation will be held CITY HALL, Hongkong, on SATURDAY, the 23rd day of February next, at 12 O'CLOCK NOON, for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Court of Directors together with a Statement of Accounts to 31st December, 1888.

By Order of the Court of Directors,  
G. E. NOBLE,  
Chief Manager.

Hongkong, 24th January, 1889. [130]

## HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

NOTICE is hereby given that the REGISTERS OF SHARES of the Corporation will be CLOSED from SATURDAY, the 9th, to SATURDAY, the 23rd February next, (both days inclusive) during which period no Transfer of Shares can be registered.

By Order of the Court of Directors,  
G. E. NOBLE,  
Chief Manager.

Hongkong, 24th January, 1889. [131]

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B41 PILLS is warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex (acquired or constitutional), Gravel and Pains in the Back. Guaranteed free from Mercury. Sold in Boxes, 4s. 6d. each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the World. Proprietors: The Lincoln and Midland Counties Drug Company, Lincoln, England. [116]

## Auctions.

## GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATION, No. 35.

THE following Particulars of Sale of Crown Land by Public Auction, to be held on the spot, on

## MONDAY,

the 11th day of February, 1889, at 4 P.M., are published for general information.

By Command,  
FREDERICK STEWART,  
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Hongkong, 26th January, 1889. [135]

Particulars of the letting by Public Auction Sale, to be held on MONDAY, the 11th day of February, 1889, at 4 P.M., by Order of His Excellency the Governor, of One Lot of CROWN LAND, in the Colony of Hongkong, for a term of 999 Years.

By Command,  
FREDERICK STEWART,  
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Hongkong, 26th January, 1889. [135]

Particulars of the letting by Public Auction Sale, to be held on MONDAY, the 11th day of February, 1889, at 4 P.M., by Order of His Excellency the Governor, of One Lot of CROWN LAND, in the Colony of Hongkong, for a term of 999 Years.

By Command,  
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Colonial Secretary's Office,  
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Colonial Secretary's Office,  
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By Command,  
FREDERICK STEWART,  
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Hongkong, 26th January, 1889. [135]

## Auctions.

## GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATION, No. 36.

THE following Particulars of Sale of Crown Land by Public Auction, to be held on the spot, on

## TUESDAY,

the 5th day of February, 1889, at 5 P.M., are published for general information.

By Command,  
FREDERICK STEWART,  
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Hongkong, 26th January, 1889. [136]

Particulars of the letting by Public Auction Sale, to be held on TUESDAY, the 5th day of February, 1889, at 5 P.M., by Order of His Excellency the Governor, of One Lot of CROWN LAND, in the Colony of Hongkong, for a term of 75 Years.

By Command,  
FREDERICK STEWART,  
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Hongkong, 26th January, 1889. [136]

Particulars of the letting by Public Auction Sale, to be held on TUESDAY, the 5th day of February, 1889, at 5 P.M., by Order of His Excellency the Governor, of One Lot of CROWN LAND, in the Colony of Hongkong, for a term of 75 Years.

By Command,  
FREDERICK STEWART,  
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Colonial Secretary's Office,  
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By Command,  
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Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Hongkong, 26th January, 1889. [136]

## STEAMERS EXPECTED IN HONGKONG.

STEAMERS.	FROM.	DATE DUE.	AGENTS.
Gwallor	Bombay	February 1st	P. & O. S. N. Co.
Anfa	Liverpool	February 2nd	Arnhold, Karberg & Co.
Shannon	London	February 3rd	P. & O. S. N. Co.
Iphigenia	Hamburg	February 4th	Siemssen & Co.
Khiva	Bombay	February 10th	P. & O. S. N. Co.
City of Peking	San Francisco	February 15th	Pacific Mail S. S. Co.
Parthia	Vancouver	February 20th	Adamson, Bell & Co.

## STEAMERS LOADING IN HONGKONG.

DESTINATION.	VESSELS.	AGENTS.	DATE OF LEAVING.
London, &c., via Suez Canal	Peninsular	P. & O. S. N. Co.	Feb. 13th, at noon.
London, via Suez Canal	Patroclus	Butterfield & Swire	To-morrow.
London, via Suez Canal	Chingwo	Arnhold, Karberg & Co.	Quick despatch.
London, via Suez Canal	Glencarn	Jardine, Matheson & Co.	To-morrow, at noon.
Marseilles, via Saigon, &c.	Oxus	Messageries Maritimes	Feb. 6th, at noon.
Havre, Hamburg, &c.	Merionethshire	Adamson, Bell & Co.	February 7th.
Bremen, & Ports of Call.	Hesperia	Siemssen & Co.	Feb. 8th, at noon.
Genoa, via Bombay, &c.	Braunschweig	Carlowitz & Co.	About Feb. 8th.
New York	Strathleven	Adamson, Bell & Co.	About Feb. 15th.
San Francisco, via Y'hama	City of New York	Pacific Mail S. S. Co.	Feb. 6th, at 1 p.m.
San Francisco, via Y'hama	Belgia	O. & O. S. S. Co.	Feb. 13th, at 1 p.m.
Vancouver, B.C., via A. &c.	Tainan	Adamson, Bell & Co.	Feb. 7th, at 4 p.m.
Calcutta, via Straits	Taisang	Jardine, Matheson & Co.	Feb. 4th, at noon.
Sandakan, &c., via S'pore	Mennon	Butterfield & Swire	Feb. 5th, at 4 p.m.
Yokohama, via N'saki, &c.	Verona	P. & O. S. N. Co.	To-morrow, daylight.
Nagasaki, Kobe & Y'hama	Gwallor	P. & O. S. N. Co.	Feb. 3th, at noon.
Shanghai, Kobe, &c.	Djennah	Messageries Maritimes	To-morrow, daylight.
Shanghai, via Amoy	Dardanus	Butterfield & Swire	February 3rd.
Manila	Diamante	Russell & Co.	Feb. 4th, at 4 p.m.
Amoy and Tamsui	Formosa	Douglas Laprak & Co.	Feb. 4th, at noon.
Swatow	Halloong	Douglas Laprak & Co.	To-morrow, at noon.
Coast Ports	Halit	Douglas Laprak & Co.	Feb. 5th, daylight.

## Intimations.

## A. HAHN, PIANO TUNER AND REPAIRER. PIANOS

ON HIRE FOR SALE  
Address: c/o HONGKONG HOTEL or No. 22, ELGIN STREET.  
Hongkong, 24th December, 1888. [37]

200,000 Afflicted people  
CURED BY  
COLD, COUGHS, SLEEPLESS NIGHTS  
NERVOUS FITS  
DOCT. FORGET'S SIRUP  
To be had of all Chemists throughout the world  
Must bear following address.

36  
Rue Vivienne  
CHABLE  
PARIS

200,000 Afflicted people  
CURED BY  
GONORRHEA, WHITES  
SEMINAL LOSSES  
DEBILITY, EXHAUSTION, &c.  
CHARLES' CITRATE OF IRON  
To be had of all respectable Chemists  
Must bear following address.

## INTIMATION.

## F. Blackhead &amp; Co.,

SHIP-CHANDLERS, SAIL-MAKERS,

AND

PROVISION MERCHANTS,

NAVY CONTRACTORS,

AND

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENTS.

No. 11, Praya Central.

(Opposite Pedder's Wharf).

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GENUINE

COMPOSITION

FOR

THE BOTTOMS OF IRON SHIPS

CARBOLINEUM AVENARIUS

PRESERVATIVE AGAINST

ROT, DECAY, &c., OF WOOD.

CHR. MOTZ & Co., BORDEAUX, CLARETS.

IMPERIAL CHAMPAGNE,

LA GRANDE MARQUE.